

PROBLEM GAMBLING AND THE WORKPLACE

Just a generation ago, legal gambling was largely confined and problem gamblers were viewed as societal misfits. Now gambling is part of our mainstream culture and we know that most problem gamblers are ordinary hard working people.

What is Problem Gambling?

A problem gambler is anyone whose gambling is causing psychological, financial, emotional, marital, legal or other difficulties for themselves and the people around them. Problem gambling may be an isolated case of overspending or a pattern of excessive gambling when upset, or it may be an ongoing problem with continual losses and mounting debts. At the extreme end of this range is pathological gambling, where people are unable to control their gambling much as those addicted to alcohol are unable to control their drinking.

Sometimes the gambling problem is transient and goes away; sometimes it plateaus and maintains for years; and sometimes it progresses to catastrophic levels. Regardless of the course, problem gamblers usually experience intense shame, financial strife and family problems.

Co-workers are Often the First Line of Defense

Gambling and gambling related activities are frequently carried out during work hours. The workplace is used as a shield to hide the problem gambling from family members. This leaves managers and co-workers as the first line of defense. The challenge is to identify the problem gambler before they become desperate. To this end, it is important that all employers and employees develop a greater awareness of the signs associated with a gambling problem.

Workplace Signs of a Gambling Problem

- Work performance deteriorates; the person is preoccupied, has trouble concentrating, is absent or late for meetings and misses assignment deadlines.
- Frequent unexplained absences or disappearances from work.
- Eager to organize and participate in betting opportunities.
- Pay is requested in lieu of vacation time, large blocks of vacation time are not taken.
- Frequently borrows money, argues with co-workers about money that is owed to them.
- Complains about mounting debts.
- Excessive use of the telephone for personal calls.



- Experiences mood swings, often related to winning and losing streaks.
- Credit card or loan bills are mailed to work rather than home.
- Increasingly spends more time gambling during lunch hours and coffee breaks.
- False claims are made against expense accounts.
- Theft of company property.

Effects on the Workplace

Although not often recognized, problem gambling is a significant workforce issue. The effects of a gambling problem almost always spill over into the workplace. This occurs through either the gamblers themselves or a family member who is living with the effects of a gambling problem. The workplace is primarily affected through lost time, lost productivity and, in desperate situations, the gambler may resort to theft.

Lost time

Individuals with gambling problems can become completely preoccupied with gambling. The workday is often spent either in the act of gambling, planning the next opportunity or plotting to get money for gambling.

Family members also become preoccupied, worrying about finances and holding the family together. There are feelings of anger, frustration, resentment, isolation and desperation. Family members (spouses, children, parents) feel like their life is consumed by the problems they are facing.

Lost productivity

As a result of lost time, the company's productivity is damaged. The gambler becomes unreliable, misses project deadlines and important meetings and produces work that is of poor quality.

Physical and emotional health problems associated with excessive gambling can further diminish work performance and attendance. Depression, anxiety, high blood pressure or stress-related illness can surface in individuals with gambling related problems and their family members.

Suicide and suicide attempts are high among individuals with gambling problems. Stressed family members are also at risk of suicide. The emotional, financial or legal problems can appear to be so severe that suicide looks like the only "way out."



Theft, fraud and embezzlement

Employees with severe problems may commit theft, fraud or embezzlement. Money is the gambler's key to action. Once all legitimate avenues to obtain cash are exhausted, the gambler, in desperation, may resort to illegal acts to acquire cash. The workplace becomes a primary avenue for the gambler to illegally finance their gambling. Gamblers do not see this activity as stealing. They see it as "borrowing money" and plan to replace it when they win.

When Suspecting an Employee Has a Gambling Problem, What Can Supervisors do?

- Express concerns in a caring and supportive manner. Do not diagnose the problem or tell the individual what to do. Be clear, non-judgmental and speak only for yourself.
-I've been noticing changes in your work, and I am concerned about you.
- Use work-related observations.
-I see you coming in very late from lunch every day, too distracted to work all afternoon.
- Be positive.
-You are a conscientious person with a history of doing good work.
- Explain how the problem affects you.
-I had to reassign two of your projects, because you missed three deadlines.
- Be clear about your position.
-I need you to perform your job duties to the best of your ability, your performance has been slipping and without corrective actions your job is in jeopardy.
- Respect personal boundaries.
-I don't want to pry into your life, but I had to let you know that I am concerned. I would be happy to talk to you about anything that is troubling you.
- When a gambling problem is known, provide information, not advice.
-Here is some information about available problem gambling resources, another resource available to you is our EAP professional—here is the information.
- Be prepared for denial or a hostile reaction.
-It must be uncomfortable to hear this. It is difficult for me to bring it up, but I am concerned about you.



What Can Your Organization Do?

A proactive response from your organization will help reduce the negative impact problem gambling can have within the workplace. The following are some measures to consider:

Policy statements

Incorporate the topic of gambling into relevant policies. Most companies have policies on internet use, phone use and disallowed activities during work hours. When reviewing policy statements make sure the policies are sufficiently comprehensive to address problem gambling issues, e.g., internet gambling.

Provide awareness training

Without awareness, problem gambling will not be detected. The signs of a gambling problem are seldom identified as gambling related. Training can help employees and employers to identify and assist the problem gambler.

Make financial counseling available

Financial issues can be just as serious as a mental health disorder. It is important that financial counseling be made available to employees who are in a fiscal crisis.

Monitor the money stream

Some occupations involve direct contact with money while in other occupations money can be "moved." These occupations might be considered high risk for the problem gambler and a monitoring system can protect employee and employer.

If you think you or someone you know may have a gambling problem, help is available.

Untreated problem gambling can cause serious physical, emotional and financial problems.

If you or someone you know has any of these signs, call:

**The Council on Compulsive Gambling of PA Helpline at
1-800-GAMBLER or 1-800-848-1880**

Don't wait for the problem to get worse!

